



Taking action to improve health for all

Understanding Nurse Job Crafting Through Work Orientations

PhD Candidate Alexandra Erling Stockholm School of Economics

Introduction



Same Pressures, Different Responses

- Nurse retention is still a major issue in Sweden and globally (WHO, 2025)
- Common explanations: workload, leadership, pay (e.g., Nei, Snyder, & Litwiller, 2015)
- Survey data identifies dissatisfaction, but not always what underlies it.
 - Same issue (e.g., workload) → different meanings, different responses.
 - This suggests that what matters is not only the conditions themselves, but how they
 interpret them and how those interpretations are acted upon.
 - We need to explore how nurses relate to their work, what they value, and how they respond when those values are threatened.



Aim & RQ

- To understand how work orientations shape nurses' job crafting, thereby informing strategies to improve their well-being and retention.
 - Theoretical lenses: Work orientations (Bellah et al., 1985; Wrzesniewski et al., 1997) & Job crafting (Wrzesniewski & Dutton, 2001).

• **Research question**: How do work orientations shape the way nurses experience and engage with their work through job crafting?





Empirical Approach

Qualitative, multimethod case study over 1,5 years



Qualitative

53 Interviews, Observations, Audio diaries



Two Public Hospitals
Sweden



23 nurses

4 groups from similar wards



Thematic → narrative analysis.

Developed "mini cases"





Empirical Approach

3 Distinct Work Orientations Emerged from the Data:

- l. The Patient-Oriented
- 2. The Integrated Team-Self
- 3. The Self-Oriented

RESULTS





Orientation	What They Value	How They Craft
Patient-Oriented	Meaningful patient care	Carve out patient time, derive meaning from patients.
Integrated Team-Self	Team Belonging, Recognition, Growth	Find meaning from colleagues & recognition, add tasks for growth.
Self-Oriented	Autonomy & Control	Optimize schedules, protect boundaries, efficiency.



Quotes



"Seeing when I've made a difference is certainly that feeling. It's absolutely the best. When you see that the patient is happy when I come, when it's me specifically.
[...]" (Patient-oriented nurse)

"It's definitely the colleagues first and foremost because that's what I've felt when it's tough at work. It's what makes you not want to quit." (Integrated team-self nurse)



Consequences

Same conditions, different frustrations





Quotes



"Yesterday, I met with a patient for only five minutes the entire day. Then I go home feeling that I haven't done a good job. [...]" (Patient-oriented nurse)

"Why should one work for 35,000 when you can do the same job and earn 65,000? [...] A lot of changes could be made by raising wages." (Self-oriented)





Shared pressures (like understaffing) trigger distinct frustrations and crafting strategies based on a nurse's work orientation:

- a threat to patient care (Patient-Oriented)a breakdown of teamwork (Team-Self)
- a loss of control & autonomy (Self-Oriented)

Structural improvements are vital

But their impact may depend on how they align with what different nurses value.

"Better leadership" may not fix what a nurse sees as the core problem, like lack of time for patients, broken teamwork, or lost autonomy.

Key Levers for Retention

- Complement structural improvements with strategies that account for different work orientations.
- Support nurses in crafting roles that reflect what they value and find meaningful.



THANK YOU



Alexandra Erling

Stockholm School of Economics

Department for Management and Organization

<u>alexandra.erling@hhs.se</u>





References

Bellah, R. N., Madsen, R., Sullivan, W. M., Swidler, A., & Tipton, S. M. (1985). Habits of the Heart: Individualism and Commitment in American Life. University of California Press.

Taking action to improve health for all

- Nei, D., Snyder, LA., & Litwiller, BJ. (2015) Promoting retention of nurses: A meta-analytic examination of causes of nurse turnover. Health Care Manage Rev. 40(3):237-53.
- World Health Organization (2025). WHO/Europe launches EU-funded 'Nursing Action' project to address nursing shortages in the EU. https://www.who.int/europe/news-room/events/item/2025/01/17/default-calendar/who-europe-launches-eu-funded--nursing-action--project-to-address-nursing-shortages-in-the-eu
- Wrzesniewski A., McCauley C., Rozin P., & Schwartz B. (1997). Jobs, careers, and callings: People's relations to their work. Journal of Research in Personality, 31, 21–33.
- Wrzesniewski, A. & Dutton, J. (2001). Crafting a job: Revisioning employees as active crafters of their work. Academy of Management Review, 26, 179–201.